Democratic Leaders Announce Iraq and Veterans Proposal		
03/08/2	2007	
Democratic Leaders Announce Iraq, Veterans Proposal		
WASHINGTON D.C. – Today, Speaker Nancy Pelosi (D-CA), Appropriations Committee Chairman Dave Obey (D-WI), Defense Appropriations Subcommittee Chairman John Murtha (D-PA), and Armed Services Chairman Ike Skelton (D-MO) held a press conference to announce a response to the President's war time supplemental funding request.		
Their pr	oposal would:	
Â٠	Redirect more resources to the war against al-Qaeda and the Taliban in Afghanistan,	
Â∙ and	Attack the neglect of returning troops and veterans who are badly in need of healthcare,	

Â∙ S	Set a timeline for bringing the United States participation in Iraq's civil war to an end.	
	needs to be fighting the right war in the right place. This proposal would add \$1.2 the President's request to fight al-Qaeda and the Taliban in Afghanistan.	
answered with the to traumatic	aree and a half billion dollars to end the disgraceful neglect of our soldiers who have detheir country's call and now have a right to call upon their country to provide them ools they need to overcome their injuries and reclaim their lives. It focuses funds on a brain injury, post traumatic stress disorder, and improving our military hospitals and hospitals to avoid the disgraceful problems that have occurred at Walter Reed.	
To deal w	vith other needs of our troops, the bill provides an additional:	
· \$	1.4 billion to fully cover the shortfall in funds for the Basic Allowance for Housing, and	
· \$	3.1 billion to fully fund 2007 needs for Base Realignment and Closure.	
In order to minimize the burdens and maximize the security of our troops, the proposal would		

direct th	ne President to adhere to the military's own basic guidelines for:
·	Unit readiness,
Â٠	Length of time they can be deployed in Iraq, and
Â٠	The time they are entitled to remain at home before they return.
	grants the President the authority to depart from his own military's guidelines- all he has give himself a waiver and face the country with a report explaining why.
resulted	sure Iraqi leaders to make the compromises necessary to end the chaos that has different from their lack of performance to date, the proposal establishes a timeline for ending rticipation in Iraq's civil war.
progres in meet political and mil shares immedi	ing

- By October 1 st , the President must certify that Iraqis <u>have achieved</u> key benchmarks. If he <u>does not</u> make the second certification, troops must begin immediate redeployment to be completed by March of 2008 (180 days).
- Even if he makes both certifications, the Administration must start redeploying the U.S. Military from Iraq by March 1, 2008, and complete the redeployment by August of 2008 (180 days).
In addition to Iraq, the proposal includes:
· \$2.5 billion to address urgent homeland security needs including aviation (explosive detection systems, advanced passenger screening, and air cargo screening), port, container and border security, and
· \$1 billion for pandemic flu preparedness, to begin the purchase of vaccines needed to protect us from a global pandemic.
On the domestic front, the bill addresses a number of needs that the administration has left unmet including:
· \$2.9 billion of additional funding for Gulf Coast recovery efforts,
· State Children's Health Insurance Program, \$735 million to eliminate shortfalls in 14 states, fully offset in accordance with pay-go rules,

- · \$400 million to partially restore cuts in the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program,
- · Wildfire Suppression activities, \$500 million, at the Forest Service and Interior Department and
- · a scaled down, reformed agriculture disaster program, \$4.3 billion, that would only assist those farmers who have met their responsibility to purchase crop assistance.

This bill meets every possible obligation for our troops, and most importantly, in contrast to the President who would leave us with an open ended obligation, it sets clear benchmarks, with a responsible and orderly timeline for ending U.S. military participation in the Iraqi civil war.

###